

Welcome to Intro to ISO 45001:2018

SAIL: RSP: HRD CENTRE

What is OH & S

Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) are *Conditions and factors that affect the well-being of employees, temporary workers, contractor personnel, visitors and any other person in the workplace.*

Conditions and factors:

Safe Place of WorkSafe Equipment

Safe Use of Substances Safe Systems of Work

Welfare of the Work Force

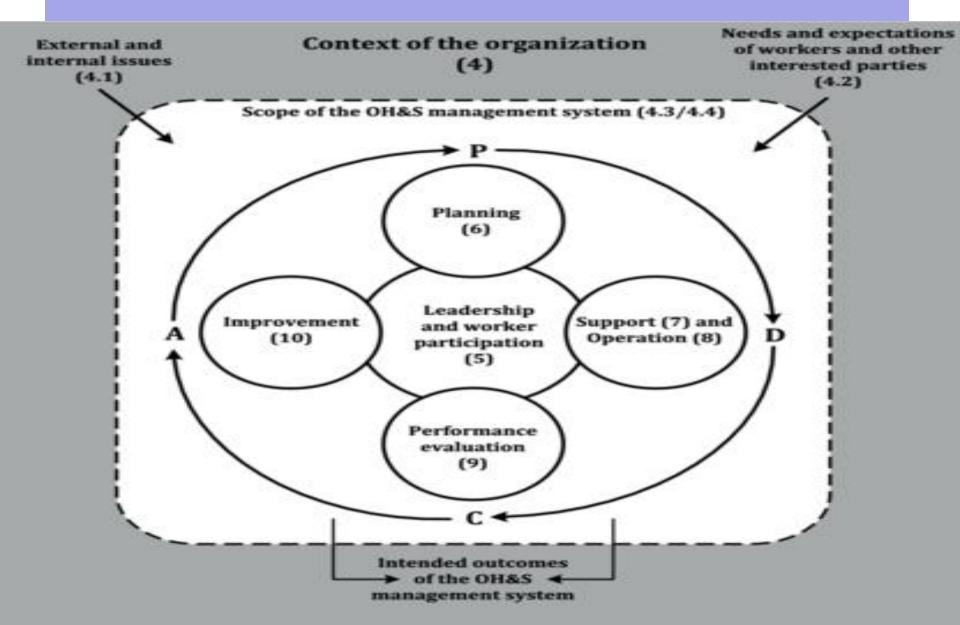
Salient Features of ISO 45001:2018

- ISO 45001 was published on March 12,2018 and is the new international standard for occupational health and safety (OH&S) management System
- ISO 45001 gives guidance for its use to enable organizations to provide safe and healthy workplaces by preventing work-related injuries, illnesses, and fatalities and by proactively improving OH&S performance
- ISO 45001 is applicable to any organization worldwide regardless of its size, type, or nature
- ISO 45001 replaces OHSAS 18001(organizations currently certified under OHSAS 18001 will have time until March 12,2021 to migrate to ISO 45001)

Similarities Between ISO 45001 & OHSAS 18001

- **Intent:** The overall intent to create a framework for managing the **prevention of employee injuries, illnesses, and fatalities** is the same for both standards
- **Plan-Do-Check-Act:** The PDCA cycle remains the fundamental operating principle in both standards
 - Other Similarities: Many of the requirements covered in OHSAS 18001, although consolidated, relocated, or expanded on, are found in ISO 45001, including policy requirements; identification of legal and other requirements; improvement objectives; awareness requirements; competency requirements; resources needed to support the system; and requirements for monitoring, measuring, and analyzing OH&S performance and improvement

The Clause Structure



ISO 45001:2018 Clause Structure

- Clause 1: Scope
- Clause 2: Normative References : No normative references
- Clause 3:Terms and Definition : 37 nos of definitions related to OHSMS
- Clause 4 Context of the Organisation
 - 4.1 Understanding the Organisation & its Context
 - 4.2 Understanding the needs & expectations of interested parties
 - 4.3 Determining the Scope of OHSMS
 - 4.4 OH&S Management System
- Clause 5 Leadership & Worker Participation
 - 5.1 Leadership & Commitment
 - **5.2** OH&S Policy
 - 5.3 Organisational Roles, Responsibilities & Authorities
 - 5.4 Consultation & Participation of Workers

Clause 6 – Planning

- **6.1** Actions to address Risks & Opportunities 6.1.1 General
 - 6.1.2 Hazard Identification & Assessment of risks & Opportunities
 - 6.1.2.1 Hazard Identification
 - 6.1.2.2 Assessment of OH&S Risks and other Risks to the OHSMS
 - 6.1.2.3 Assessment of OH&S Opportunities & other Opportunities for OHSMS

6.1.3 Determination of Legal & Other Requirements

6.1.4 Planning Actions

6.2 OH&S Objectives & Planning to Achieve them
6.2.1 OH&S Objectives
6.2.2 Planning to achieve OH&S Objectives

Clause 7 – Support

- 7.1 Resources
- 7.2 Competence
- 7.3 Awareness
- 7.4 Communication
 - 7.4.1 General
 - 7.4.2 Internal Communication
 - 7.4.3 External Communication
- 7.5 Documented Information
 - 7.5.1 General
 - 7.5.2 Creating & Updating
 - 7.5.3 Control of Documented Information

Clause 8 – Operation

8.1 Operational Planning & Control

8.1.1 General
8.1.2 Eliminating Hazards and reducing OH&S Risks
8.1.3 Management of Change
8.1.4 Procurement
8.1.4.1 General
8.1.4.2 Contractors
8.1.4.3 Outsourcing

8.2 Emergency Preparedness & Response

Clause 9– Performance Evaluation

9.1 Monitoring , Measurement , Analysis & Evaluation
9.1.1 General
9.1.2 Evaluation of Compliance
9.2 Internal Audit
9.2.1 General
9.2.2 Internal Audit Programme
9.3 Management Review

Clause 10– Improvement

10.1 General10.2 Incident , Nonconformity & Corrective Action

10.3 Continual Improvement

Implementation Guidelines

- > OHSMS Manual Revision
- **Revision of Safety Manual & Safety Procedures**
- Updation of Process wise OHSMS Risk & Opportunities in the 24 identified Works Department
- > OHSMS Leaflet for awareness
- Formulation of OHSMS Core Committee
- > Formulation & Monitoring of OHSMS Objectives & Action Plan
- > Monitoring of OHSMS Performance Parameters
- Mechanism for Management Review, OHSMS Core Committee Review, Communication & Involvement
- Revision of OHSMS Risk Assessment Procedure, Checklist , Emergency Preparedness & Response Procedure (Department wise) and related RCPs, SOPs, SMPs

Implementation Plan

1. CO	8. CP II	15. HSM	22. PD
2. CCD	9. SMS I	16.ERWPP	23. OBBP
3. BF	10. SMS II	17.SWPP	24. Cr Maint
4. Oxygen Plant	11. PBS	18. CRM	
5. SP II	12. PM	19. SSM	
6. SP III	13. NPM	20.Mech Shop	
7. LDBP	14. SPP	21. TRM	

Associated Agency : HRD , OHSC , SED , Fire Services



Examples of OHSMS Objectives

Sl	Objectives	Targets
1	Occupational Health & Safety Training for employees & contractor workers	At least one programme / month
2	Use of PPEs by employees	100 %
3	Provide & Ensure Sufficient illumination in working area, basement and cellars	To improve by 20 %
4	To ensure working of all voice communication systems	To improve by 10%
5	To provide missing hand railing in all areas	100 %
6	No. of Reportable Incidents (max)	Nil
7.	Health Checkup	To improve by 10% every year
8.	Double Earthing of all electrical equipments	100%
9.	Making Safety Protocol of all critical jobs	100%
10.	Conducting mock drill for emergency preparedness & response	Once in a year



OHSMS Policy

Occi	EGRATED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM POLICY Management Systems for Quality, Environment, upational Health & Safety and Social Accountability) Rourkela Steel Plant, a unit of SAIL, is committed to :
-	Provide defect free products and services to all its customers on time and every time by establishing an effective Quality Management System.
•	Prevent pollution and maintain a clean, green and sustainable environment in and around the Steel Plant as a part of its Corporate Social Responsibility.
•	Eliminate hazards, reduce Occupational Health & Safety risks and prevent injury & ill health by providing healthy and safe working environment for its employees and for all those working in the Plant.
•	Consultation and participation with workers and their representatives.
•	Provide socially accountable work culture to all its stakeholders.
•	Comply with applicable legal and other requirements related to Integrated Management System.
•	Adhere to all the requirements of internationally recognized QMS, API Q1, EMS, OHSMS & SA standards and review the objectives and targets periodically for effectiveness and continual improvement.
	Date :20.03.2019 STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED (Deepak Chattaraj) Rourkela Steel Plant Chief Executive Officer

OHSMS Risk & Opportunity

Types of Activities

- > Routine Activities
- > Non-Routine Activities
- **Emergency Situations**
- Activities by own employees , Contractor Workers & Visitors

Sources of Hazards

EQUIPMENTS	ELECTRICAL
	MECHANICAL
	ELECTRONIC
	MATERIAL TRANSFER
	NETWORKS
SUBSTANCES	CHEMICALS
	FUELS
	EXPLOSIVES
	TOXIC MATERIALS
	RADIATION MATERIALS
MOVEMENTS	MATERIALS HANDLING
	FALL OF MATERIALS/TOOLS
	TOOLS⁷ HANDLING

Sources of Hazards

ENERGIES	ELECTRICAL
	MECHANICAL
	RADIATION
	NOISE
	VIBRATIONS
	LIGHT
	HEAT
WORK PLACES	SLIPPERY SURFACES
(PHYSICAL	UNEVEN SURFACES
CONDITIONS)	HIGH PLACES
	INADEQUATE GUARDS
	HANDRAILS etc.

Sources of Hazards

WORK PLACES	DUST
(Environment)	TOXIC GASES
	FUMES ETC.
TAKE	EMPLOYEES WHO ARE
OPINIONS OF	INVOLVED
	EXPERTS/SPECIALISTS
GET	MANUFACTURER'S MANUALS
INFORMATION	ACCIDENTS/INCIDENTS
FROM	NEAR MISSES REPORTS
	EMPLOYEE OH REPORTS

Examples of Hazards During Work Activities

- SLIPS & FALLS ON THE LEVEL
- FALLS OF PERSON FROM HEIGHT
- FALLS OF TOOLS, MATERIAL FROM HEIGHT
- INADEQUATE HEAD ROOM
- HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH MANUAL LIFTING / HANDLING OF TOOLS, MATERIALS ETC.
- HAZARDS FROM PLANT & MACHINES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSEMBLY, COMMISSIONING, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, MODIFICATION, REPAIR & DISMANTLING, VEHICLE HAZARDS (BOTH)
- FIRE & EXPLOSION

Examples of Hazards During Work Activities

- SUBSTANCE THAT MAY BE INHALED
- SUBSTANCE THAT MAY DAMAGE EYE
- SUBSTANCE THAT MAY CAUSE HARM BY COMING IN CONTACT WITH THE SKIN
- SUBSTANCE THAT CAUSE HARM BY INGESTION
- HARMFUL ENERGIES
- WORK RELATED DISORDERS
- INADEQUATE THERMAL ENVIRONMENT, LIGHTING LEVELS.
- SLIPPERY UNEVEN GROUNDS/SURFACES
- INADEQUATE GUARD / HAND RAILS
- CONTRACTOR'S ACTIVITIES

Examples of Risk

- Burn Injury
- Body Injury
- Electrical Shock
- Suffocation / Lack of Ventilation
- Gas poisoning
- Irritation In Eyes
- Skin Allergy
- Sprain / Fracture
- Equipment Damage
- Hearing damage

Hierarchy of Risk Control

- **1. ELIMINATION**
- 2. SUBSTITUTION
- **3. ENGINEERING CONTROL**

(a) ENCLOSURE (b)SAFETY DEVICES / GUARDS

4. ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL

(a)SAFETY SYSTEMS OF WORK

(b)WRITTEN PROCEDURES©ADEQUATE SUPERVISION (d) TRAINING

(e)INFORMATION (SIGN BOARDS, CHECKLISTS etc.)

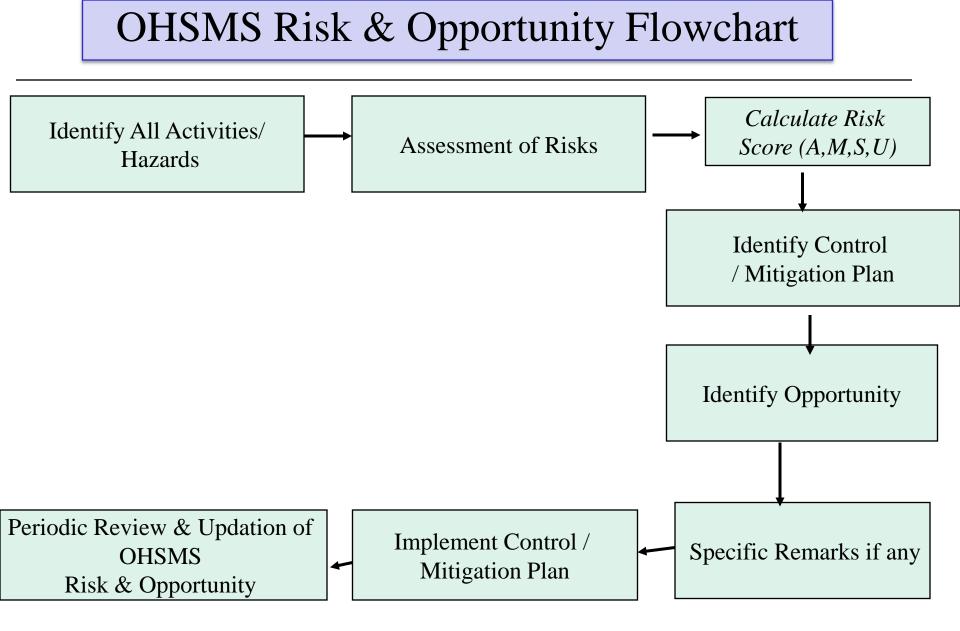
5. PPEs

Examples of Opportunities Achieved

- Inspection & Auditing
- Improved Work Environment
- Healthy & Competent Workforce
- **Reduction in Reportable Accidents**
- **Reduction in Health Hazards**
- Regular Health Checkup of employees & Contract Workers
- Better Operational Control of all the processes
- Availability of SOP / SMP / RCP
- Conducting Mock Drill as per frequency planned
- Issuing Permit to Work
- Ergonomics or Injury Prevention related Assessments

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• Availability of PPEs etc.



Revised OHSMS Risk Format

							Ro	urke	la	Ste	el Plant					
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L	egends		Probability (P)		Ехро	osure	(E)				Severity(S))			Risk	
R= Routine NR= Non– Routine E= Emergency		Almost Certain Quite Possible Unusual but Possible Unlikely Very unlikely		5 4 3 2 1	Continuous Frequent Occasional Infrequent Rare			5 4 3 2 1		Multiple Fatality Fatality Serious Injury Minor Injury First Aid		4 3 2		isk Score < 24 4 to < 36 6 to < 48 8 & Above	Risk levelAcceptable(A)Moderate(M)Substantial(S)Unacceptable (U)	
Sl. Activity No.			OH & S Hazard(s)		Risk	R/ NR /E	Leg al Y/ N	P	E	R S	isk Assess Risk Sco P X E X	ore	Risk Level	Control/ Mitigation plan(s)	Opportunit y (ies)	Remarks

* If the hazard has legal control, Risk Level becomes automatically unacceptable irrespective of Risk Score

OHSMS Risk for **OBBP**

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सेल	SAIL	IS	O 45001:2018 HAZA	OB ARD I)oc R	ev	St	atus	-	ESSI	MENT A	Date: ND DETERMII	NING CONTRO	LS
L	egends		Probability (P)		Ехро	osure	(E)				Severity(S))			Risk	
R= Routine NR= Non– Routine E= Emergency		Quit Unu y Unli	iost Certain te Possible isual but Possible ikely y unlikely	5 4 3 2 1	Continuous Frequent Occasional Infrequent Rare			5 4 3 2 1		Multiple Fatality Fatality Serious Injury Minor Injury First Aid		5 4 3 2 1	2	< 24 24 to < 36 36 to < 48 8 & Above	Risk Acceptable(/ Moderate(M Substantial(Unacceptabl	A)) S)
Sl. Activity No.			OH & S Hazard(s)		Risk	R/ NR /E	Leg al Y/ N	P	E	Risk Assess E S Risk Sco P X E X		ore	t Risk level	Control/ Mitigation plan(s)	Opportunity (ies)	Remarks
1.	Operation of Belt Conveyor		Hit & press between belt and Idler while cleaning return side of Belt conveyor.	Loss of fin	of Hand, Loss ger,	R	N	3	3	3	27		М	Follow SOP -20 & use PPE's	Maintain Healthy life, Zero accident	
2. Cleaning of Chute. SI				king of bones, I injury or may tal	R	N	2	3	4	24		М	Follow SOP-20, Use PPE's . Don't cross over running belt	Healthy life, physically fit and production improved.		

OHSMS Risk for **OBBP**

Doc. No. IMS/OHSMS/PR/SED/02 Rev.0 Date: 27/09/2018

{}					Ro	urke	la St	teel Plan	nt					
स्रोग SAIL		<obbp></obbp>	RD IDENTIE	CATION	DIC		Doc R	ev Status	R-0				Date:31-10-2	2018
Legends	Probability (001:2018 HAZA		English	- FLIGP	au	PPUR	IUNITY AS	SESSMENT	AND DETER	MINING CO	NTROLS	3.	
Routine	Almost Certain	5	Continuous	Exposu	re (E)	<u> </u>			Severity				Risk	
R= Non- Routine = Emergency	Quite Possible	4	Frequent				4	Fatality	Fatality	5	Risk So		Risk lev	el
 Emergency 	Unusual but Possible	3	Occasional				3	Serious	loiuma	4	< 24		Acceptable(A)	
	Unlikely	2	Infrequent				2	Minor In		3	24 to <		Modorate(M)	
	Very unlikely	1_1	Rare				1	First Aid	,y	2	36 to <		Substantial(S)	
								1.101710			48 & Ab	ove	Unacceptable (U)	_
Activity	OH & S Hazard(s)	Risk	R	Legal			Risk	Assessment				T		-
			NRE	YTM	P	E	s	Risk Score	Score		froV e pilan(s)		Opportunity (ies)	Rema
Shifting of Y	ard #Slip & Fall	Multiple	NR	N	2	3	3	PXEXS						1
equipment	#Tool Slippage	fractures. Minor boo		N	3	3	2	18 18	A A	#Drain co #Housek	eping Beck fit, C towa		althy life, came physically Contribution wards production productivity	
	ALC: LA CALLER OF COMPANY					1 1		1	F 1	#Use of PPE				1
	#Electrocution	Burns ma affect bod parts. fatal	lý	Ŷ	3	3	3	27	U	#Permit to #Use of f	work	of ma minin	Ithy life, Loss andays nised. Zero ent can be	
	linting coupler fractures.		3	2	3	18		# Use of F	PE	Healt Becer fit, Im	hy life, me physically proved			
	#Hit by running Machine	Multiple fractures, affect any	NR	N	3	1	3	9	A	# Signal s		Produ Zero a	ctivity. accident can hieved,	

Decar. - SOST. OBBP (E) P. K. DAS Dy. General Manager OBBP (Elect.) SAIL, RSP, Rourkela

OR & DPODPN 1 SP. ROURKED SAIL



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D-	Legend	ls	Probability (P)	8 HAZARD IDENTIF	Even	, RISK	S OP	POR	TUN	ITY ASSESS	MENT AN	D DETER	WINING CONTRO	OLS		
NR	R=Non-Routine Quite Possible Emergency Unusual but Possible Unlikely				Continuous Frequent Occasional					Sev Multiple Fatali Fatality Serious Injury	r <mark>erity(S)</mark> ty	5 Risk Score 4 < 24 3 24 to < 36		Risk Risk level Acceptable(A)		
-			Very unlikely	1 Rare			_	2 1		Minor Injury First Aid	1	2	36 to < 48 48 & Above	Moderate(M) Substantial(S) Unacceptable (U)		
SI. No.	A	Activity	OH & S Hazard(s)	Risk	R/	Legal	1			isk Assessment						
1	Belt conve	eyor gear	Slip of gear box.	Injury	NR/E	Y/N	P	E	s	Risk Score P X E X S	Risk level		Control/ gation plan(s)	Opportunity (ies)	Rem	
	box replac	cement.	ement. Breaking of sling.		NR	N	2	3	2	12	A	-Use of Proper PPE.		-Adequate supply	-	
-			Slip of spanner		Fall/Injury	NR	N	2	3	2	12	A	-Use of -Use of good co	Proper PPE. a sling in	of PPE. -Sling Inspection - On the job	
		* If the based based		Injury	NR	N	2	2	2	8	A	-Use of I	Proper PPE. proper tools	training. - On the job training.		

¹ If the hazard has legal control, Risk Level becomes automatically unacceptable irrespective of Risk Score

Thank You !



Just How unsafe are Indian Workplaces

- Around 125 Workers die every day
- 50,000 get injured every day

Why does it happen?

Most of the accidents/injuries are caused by human errors. Industry says, human error accounts for 96% of accidents. The rest takes place due to external conditions and failure of factory equipment. **Why Prevent Accidents and Injuries**

Four major reasons for preventing accidents:

Moral — In a civilized society, we are morally bound to treat others as we would like to be treated

Commercial — Major clients closely scrutinize records and a poor record will adversely affect our chances of winning work

Legal — Severe penalties by courts for infringement

Financial — Accidents cost big money

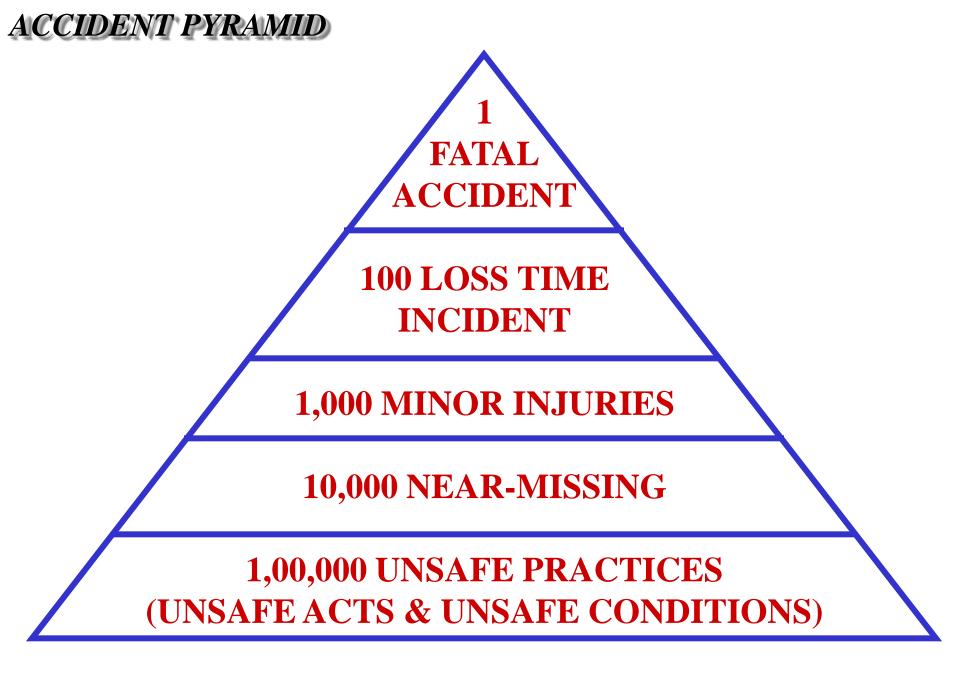
OH & S Practices

- Work Permit
- House Keeping
- Equipment Safety
- Fire safety-Fire Fighting Equipments
- Gas Cylinder Safety
- Transportation of Hazardous Goods
- Personal Protective Equipment –Respiratory, Non-respiratory
- First Aid
- Unsafe Acts, Unsafe Conditions. Unsafe Practices
- Incident, Accident, Near Misses
- Accident Reporting and Investigation
- Risk Analysis
- Safety Performance
- Occupational Health Hazards-Medical Checkup

Hazard Categories

Hazard categories include:

- Work Equipment, e.g. entrapment in machinery, equipments without ergonomics consideration.
- Workplace, e.g. uneven floors, poor lighting, high noise level.
- Materials and substances, e.g. dusts, welding fumes.
- Environmental, e.g. temperature extremes, both hot and cold.
- Working practices and procedures, e.g. poor manual handling techniques, unhygienic.



Salient Features of OHSAS 18001

•An international management system standard focusing on an organisation OHSMS.

•Non-mandatory in India- Voluntary Standard.

• Not an "ISO" standard at this time, however, it is structured to be compatible with the ISO 9000 and ISO 14000.

• Applicable to any organisation - all sizes at any locations with any activities.

• Developed by a consortium of 13 European leading international certification bodies and released in April 1999.

•New version OHSAS 18001:2007 released on 1st July, 2007

Essential Elements of OHSAS 18001

OHSAS 18001 consists of 6 main clauses and 15 sub-clauses for compliance requirement.

- **General Requirements**
- □ OH&S Policy
- **D** Planning
- □ Implementation and Operation
- □ Checking and Corrective Action
- □ Management Review

All clauses & sub-clauses to be complied- no exclusion allowed.